

**TEACHING ACTION PLAN  
DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY  
GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE  
AMORI (CHAMPAWAT)**

<b>B.A. I SEMESTER</b>		
<b>PAPER 1ST</b>		
<b>ANCIENT INDIA - FROM EARLIEST TIME TO MAURYAN AGE</b>		
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>CONTENT OF SYLLABUS</b>	<b>LECTURES</b>
<b>1</b>	Meaning of History, Scope and Sources	4
<b>2</b>	Prehistoric Period: Hunter-Gatherers: Palaeolithic' Mesolithic' Neolithic and Chalcolithic Culture	9
<b>3</b>	Proto-Historic Period: i- The Harappan Civilization : Outline of Chalcolithic Period, Pattern in Non-Harappan India ii- Iron Age Culture in India: Megaliths in the Deccan, For South and North iii- Magadha Empire up to Mauryas	9 8 9
<b>4</b>	The Mauryan , The Mauryas: State and Administration	7

<b>B.A. I SEMESTER</b>		
<b>PAPER II</b>		
<b>WORLD HISTORY FROM MID 15TH CENTURY TO 1648 A.D</b>		
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>CONTENT OF SYLLABUS</b>	<b>LECTURES</b>
<b>1</b>	Feudalism- Different aspects and causes of decline: advent of modernAge-Renaissance and reformation	7
<b>2</b>	Growth of the absolute state : Spain and Britain	6
<b>3</b>	Mercantilism and Commercialism	5
<b>4</b>	Age of Revolution - Scientific Agrarian and Industrial	5

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<b>B.A. II SEMESTER</b>		
<b>PAPER 1ST</b>		
<b>ANCIENT INDIA( POST MOURYAN PERIOD TO 1200 A.D.)</b>		
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>CONTENT OF SYLLABUS</b>	<b>LECTURES</b>
<b>1</b>	Post-Mouryan Period : Sungas, Western Kshatras Satavahanas Kushanas, Chera,Chola and Pandyas in the Far South	9
<b>2</b>	The Gupta And Post-Gupta Period : i- Administration , Agrarian and Revenue Systems. II- Pallavs,Chalukyas and Vardhanas	8
<b>3</b>	Polity and administration (A.D. 750-1200) : I- North India: Gurjara - Pratiharas, Palas and Senas II- Deccan Rashtrakutas and their Contemporaries.	8
<b>4</b>	i- Far South- Cholas and their Contemporaries ii- Invention of Arabs,Ghaznavids and Gorids and their Impact	8

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<b>B.A. II SEMESTER</b>		
<b>PAPER II</b>		
<b>WORLD HISTORY (1648 A.D 1815 A.D)</b>		
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>CONTENT OF SYLLABUS</b>	<b>LECTURES</b>
<b>1</b>	Glorious Revolution (1648) Background, events and Consequences	7
<b>2</b>	American War of Independence- Causes and Consequences Declartion of the Rights of Men Revolution (1776)	8
<b>3</b>	French Revolution (1789) - Causes:Political,Social,Economic,Role of philosophers,Short and long term ramifications	9
<b>4</b>	Nepolean Bonaparte- initial years, Conquests,achievement as first cousul, continental system, causes for downfall	9

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**B. A . III SEMESTER  
HISTORY OF INDIA FROM A. D. 1200 - 1760  
PAPER I**

<b>UNIT</b>	<b>CONTENT OF SYLLABUS</b>	<b>LECTURES</b>
<b>1</b>	Survey of sources of medieval indian history	5
<b>2</b>	Early medieval period (A.D) 1200-1526	7
<b>i</b>	Causes of the success of the turks ; Foundation and consolidation of the delhi sultanate ; Iltutmish , Razia , Balban .	6
<b>i</b>	Allauddin Khilji - conquests economic	6
<b>ii</b>	Administrative and economic reforms	
<b>iii</b>	Mohammad-bin-Tughlaq's Experiments: Feroz Shah Tughlacs reforms and administration	7
<b>iv</b>	Decline of Sultanate : Timur's invasion, Saiyyads,Lodhis :Theory of King ship	8

**B. A . III SEMESTER  
PAPER II<sup>ND</sup>  
WORLD HISTORY 1815- 1914 AD**

<b>UNIT</b>	<b>CONTENT OF SYLLABUS</b>	<b>LECTURES</b>
<b>1</b>	Age of Conservatism: Vienna Congress Metternich, Concept of Europe, French Revolution 1830,1848	7
<b>2</b>	Liberalism in England - reform act of 1832 and the Chartist movement, American civil war , Opium war in China	8
<b>3</b>	Rise of Nationalism in Europe - Unification of Italy and Germany	6
<b>4</b>	Growth of Imperialism, Causes of First World War	6

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<p align="center"><b>B. A . IV SEMESTER</b>  <b>Paper I</b>  <b>MUGHAL PERIOD ( 1526-1707)</b></p>		
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>CONTENT OF SYLLABUS</b>	<b>LECTURES</b>
<b>1</b>	Advent of the Mughals, Baber's : conquest, Humayun-difficulties and failure; Sur interrefnum-administrative reforms of Sher Shah Suri	9
<b>2</b>	Akbar; Religious and Rajput policy , Mansabdari System ; Jahangir : Role of Noorjahan.	8
<b>3</b>	Shahjahan- consolidation of Empire; War of succession, Aurangzeb ; religious policy, downfall of the Mughal Empire .	8
<b>4</b>	Peninsular India- Marathas, Vijay Nagar, Bahmani and Tamil Kingdoms- Polity and Administration.	7

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<p align="center"><b>B. A . IV SEMESTER</b>  <b>Paper II</b>  <b>WORLD HISTORY (1914-1945)</b></p>		
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>CONTENT OF SYLLABUS</b>	<b>LECTURES</b>
<b>1</b>	World War One-Major events and peace settlement, Bolshevik Revoluation (1917)	6
<b>2</b>	Economic and Social crisis between the two world war, the great depression and the new deal.	7
<b>3</b>	Awaking of China - Mao's long March and rise of communism Emergence of USA and Japan as major powers	7
<b>4</b>	Emergence of New Idelogies - Fascism and Nazism , factors leading to world War II, The Holocaust, Victory of allide powers and shaping of new world orders.	8

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<b>B. A . V SEMESTER</b>		
<b>Paper I</b>		
<b>MODERN INDIA ( 1707-1857)</b>		
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>CONTENT OF SYLLABUS</b>	<b>LECTURES</b>
<b>1</b>	letter mughuls-Disintegration of the empire, invasion of nadir shah : 3 <sup>rd</sup> battle of pani path ; Expansion and consolidation of british colonialism-Anglo french wars	8
<b>2</b>	Struggle for supremacy-War and diplomacy East india company and other Indian power- Marathas, Mysore ,Rohillas, Gorkhas and Sikh ,Subsidiary Alliance.	7
<b>3</b>	Economic Changes under colonial rule Permanent settlement Raytwari And Mahalwari Decline of handicrafts, Commercialization of agriculture-development of irrigation, introduction of railways, economic drain.	8
<b>4</b>	Popular Resistance of company's rule - peasant and tribal movements (b) Revolt of Indian Sepoys; Rise in Imperialistic designs - Doctrine of lapse revolt of 1857: causes and consequences.	8

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<b>B. A . V SEMESTER</b>		
<b>Paper II<sup>nd</sup></b>		
<b>INDIAN SOCIETY AND CULTURE (UPTO 1200 AD)</b>		
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>CONTENT OF SYLLABUS</b>	<b>LECTURES</b>
<b>1</b>	Harappan Culture, Vedic Society , economy and culture as reflected in the Vedas, Varnashram, Caste system, Sanskaras & Pursharths.	7
<b>2</b>	Rise of religious reformation in India - Buddhism & jainism , Asoka,s dhamma , Mauryan, art and Architecture.	7
<b>3</b>	Art and Architecture under Shungas, kushanas and Satavhanas, Gandhar Art.	8
<b>4</b>	Sangam Age - literature , Society and Culture, Gupta and post Gupta Period-Society and culture.	7

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<b>B.A. VI SEMESTER</b>		
<b>PAPER 1ST</b>		
<b>MODERN INDIA (1858-1950)</b>		
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>CONTENT OF SYLLABUS</b>	<b>LECTURES</b>
<b>1</b>	Change in the guard Queen Victoria's proclamation and the Act of 1858 and 1861, emergence of nationalistic fervour -initial stages; birth fo Indian National Congress. Moderates versus extremists. split- minto-Morley reforms, Tilak and home Rule movement.	8
<b>2</b>	Advent of Gandhi; Act of 1919 impact of world war 1; Non cooperation and khilafat Movements; Simon commission : Civil Disobedience Movement Gandhi Irwin Pact; Communal Award; Round Table Conferences.	8
<b>3</b>	Rise of revolutionary extremism- Kakori Case , Lahore conspiracy ; role of expatriates - gadar party , silk letter conspiracy ; komagatamaru episode ; subhas Chandra bose and INA.	9
<b>4</b>	Peasants and depressed classes movements ; act of 1935 - responsible government in provinces rise of communal strife - muslim league ; cripp's mission cabinet mission , wavell plan ; india's independence and partition ; birth of constitution of india .	8

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<b>B.A. VI SEMESTER</b>		
<b>PAPER 2ND</b>		
<b>INDIAN SOCIETY AND CULTURE 1200 AD-1950</b>		
<b>UNIT</b>	<b>CONTENT OF SYLLABUS</b>	<b>LECTURES</b>
<b>1</b>	Medieval Society, art, architecture and literature . 2.status of women ; marriage , property rights , sati purdah and devadsi system .	7
<b>2</b>	Bhakti and Sufi movements . Influence of islam on indian culture and vice - versa	7
<b>3</b>	impact of western civilization on indian culture , growth of press .	6
<b>4</b>	indian renaissance - Brahma samaj , Arya samaj , Prathana samaj , Theosophical society depressed class movements - jyotiba fule ; Aligarh and wahabi movements .	8
<b>5</b>	Growth of education ; vernacular literature , art and architecture ; scientific institution .	6

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**Mrs. Pushpa**  
**Assistant Professor**  
**Department of History**