

**Department of Political Science**  
**Government Degree College Amori Champawat**  
**Teaching Action Plan (ODD/EVEN)(NEP)**

**Name of Teacher: Dr. Sanjay Kumar**

**Subject: Political Science**

**Program Outcome-** Political Science education provides learners with knowledge and skills needed to prepare for a professional career as a teacher, administrator, political scientists, lawyers etc. It also provides ground knowledge about the basics of political education (it gives political training)

**Course Outcomes:** Understanding Politics is integral and indispensable for a comprehensive and critical study of political science. The course is designed to train a student in the foundational issues of political science, which is relevant for any in depth study and research.

<b>Subject: Political Science</b>			
<b>B.A. I Semester</b>	<b>Course Title: Basic Concepts of Political Science</b>		
<b>Course Outcomes:</b> Understanding Politics is integral and indispensable for a comprehensive and critical study of political science. The course is designed to train a student in the foundational issues of political science, which is relevant for any in depth study and research.			
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>No. of Lectures</b>	
<b>Unit I</b>	Concepts: Politics, Political Philosophy, Political Thought, Political Theory and Political Science	<b>10</b>	
<b>Unit II</b>	State, Nation, Political System, Civil Society: Definitions, Elements	<b>10</b>	
<b>Unit III</b>	Theories of the Origin and Functions of the State: Divine, Social Contract, Evolutionary, Liberal, Welfare, Socialist	<b>15</b>	
<b>Unit IV</b>	Sovereignty; Austin's Theory, Pluralist Theory	<b>10</b>	
<b>Unit V</b>	Power, Authority, Legitimacy	<b>10</b>	

<b>Unit VI</b>	Liberty, Equality, Justice, Law	<b>10</b>	
<b>Unit VII</b>	Rights, Duties, Political Obligation	<b>10</b>	
<b>Unit VIII</b>	Democracy: Types, Representation and Participation	<b>10</b>	
<b>Unit IX</b>	Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Public opinion	<b>10</b>	

---

<b>Semester:II</b>	<b>Course Title: Comparative Political Systems: Major Constitutions of the World</b>	
<b>Course Outcomes:</b> Politics is the mirror of the society. This paper will help the student in furthering his understanding of the world around. Comparison is widely used method of scientific knowledge This would help to critical analysis.		
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>No. of Lectures</b>
<b>Unit I</b>	Comparative Politics: Meaning and Nature, Political Systems: Unitary, Federal, Parliamentary and Presidential, Constitution & Constitutionalism	<b>20</b>
<b>Unit II</b>	UK: Historical Background, Main Features, The Crown, Executive,Legislature, Party System	<b>20</b>
<b>Unit III</b>	USA: Historical Background, Main Features, Executive (President) Legislature (Congress) Judiciary and Judicial Review. Separation ofPower and Theory of Check and Balance	<b>20</b>
<b>Unit IV</b>	Russia: Historical Background, Main Features, Rights and Duties,Executive, Legislature, Judiciary, Russian Federation	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit IV</b>	Switzerland: Historical Background, Main Features, Executive,Legislature, Council of State, Federal Court, Direct Democracy	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit V</b>	Australia: Historical Background, Main Features, Executive, Legislature,Judiciary, The Australian Federation.	<b>15</b>

<b>Subject: Political Science</b>		
<b>Semester:III</b>	<b>Course Title: Foundations of Western Political Thought</b>	
<b>Course Outcomes:</b> This course the ancient and modern political thinking in the West. This would help tounderstand the idea of state, rights, liberty, equality, and justice which have evolved over a period of time.		
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>No. of Lectures</b>
<b>Unit I</b>	Ideas and Ideologies- Meaning and Relevance	<b>10</b>
<b>Unit II</b>	Conservatism, Liberalism, Socialism, Feminism, Environmentalism	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit III</b>	Greek Thought: Plato, Aristotle	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit IV</b>	Initiation of Modern Thought: Machiavelli	<b>08</b>
<b>Unit V</b>	Concept of Social Contract: Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau	<b>10</b>
<b>Unit VI</b>	Utilitarian Thought: Bentham	<b>05</b>
<b>Unit VII</b>	Foundations of Liberal Thought: J.S. Mill, T.H. Green	<b>10</b>
<b>Unit VIII</b>	Idealism: Hegel	<b>08</b>
<b>Unit IX</b>	Foundations of Marxism: Karl Marx	<b>10</b>

<b>Subject: Political Science</b>		
<b>Semester: IV</b>	<b>Course Title: Indian Political System</b>	
<b>Course Outcome:</b> Acquaintance to Indian National Movement & Constitution is indispensable for a student to make a sense of Indian Political System. The course is designed to provide an overview of Indian freedom Struggle and key concepts of the Indian constitution to the student, which would evolve him into a conscientious citizen.		
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>No. of Lectures</b>
<b>Unit I</b>	Basic Features of Indian Constitution: Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit II</b>	The Indian Parliament; Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit III</b>	The Executive; The President, The Prime Minister and The Cabinet	
<b>Unit IV</b>	Indian Judicial System: Judicial Review and Judicial Activism.	<b>10</b>
<b>Unit V</b>	Dynamics of State Politics: Centre-State Relations	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit VI</b>	Party System in India and Electoral Behavior	<b>10</b>
<b>Unit VII</b>	Issues: Caste, Class, Gender, Region in Indian Politics	<b>10</b>
<b>Unit VIII</b>	Problems of Nation Building: Terrorism, Insurgency, National Integration in Indian Politics	<b>10</b>

<b>Subject: Political Science</b>		
<b>Semester:V</b>	<b>Course Title: Major Theories of International Politics</b>	
<b>Course Outcomes:</b> This course seeks to equip students the basic tools for understanding International relations. It also introduces major events and developments that have shaped the contemporary international system. It aims to capture the changing dynamics of the international politics by taking up burning and relevant issues which have potential to alter its contours.		
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>No. of Lectures</b>
<b>Unit I</b>	International Politics: Definition, Scope and Relevance	<b>10</b>
<b>Unit II</b>	Theories of International Politics: Idealism, System Theory, Realism, Neo-Realism Game theory and Decision making theory	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit III</b>	National Interest: Definitions and Elements	<b>10</b>
<b>Unit IV</b>	National Power: Definitions and Elements	<b>12</b>
<b>Unit V</b>	Foreign Policy : Determinants of Foreign Policy	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit VI</b>	United Nations: Objectives, Structure And Working Of UNO, Relevance	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit VII</b>	Regional Organizations: SAARC, ASEAN and European Union	<b>15</b>

<b>Subject: Political Science</b>		
<b>Semester:VI</b>	<b>Course Title: Contemporary Issues in International Politics</b>	
<b>Course Outcomes:</b> This course seeks to equip students the basic tools for understanding International relations. It also introduces major events and developments that have shaped the contemporary international system. It aims to capture the changing dynamics of the international politics by taking up burning and relevant issues which have potential to alter its contours.		
<b>Unit</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>No. of Lectures</b>
<b>Unit I</b>	Cold War, Detente and New Cold War.	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit II</b>	Non Aligned Movement	<b>12</b>
<b>Unit III</b>	Nuclear Disarmament: Role of UN and Super Powers	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit IV</b>	Globalization , Bretton Woods System GATT and WTO	<b>15</b>
<b>Unit V</b>	International Environmental Concerns: Major Treaties and role of UNO	<b>12</b>
<b>Unit VI</b>	Human Rights: UN Declaration and Issues	<b>12</b>
<b>Unit VII</b>	International Terrorism. and Emerging Power Axis	<b>12</b>



**Dr. Sanjay Kumar**  
**Designation- Assistant Professor**  
**Department of Political Science**

